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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/642,283	08/18/2003	Wataru Kakinoki	36856.1112	2453
54066	7590 01/24/200	6	EXAMINER	
MURATA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.			NGUYEN, HUNG THANH	
	NG & BENNETT, LLI NSBORO DRIVE	,	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 850			2841	
MCLEAN,	VA 22102		DATE MAILED: 01/24/2000	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/642,283	KAKINOKI ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	HUNG T. NGUYEN	2841	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address	<b>;</b>
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute the part of the communication of the period for reply will, by statute the set of extended period for reply will, by statute the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 136(a). In no event, however, may a re will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT e, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ply be timely filed  HS from the mailing date of this communications  NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 A	<u> August 2005</u> .		
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☐ This	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	•	•	its is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyand ction is required if the drawing(s)	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Appority documents have been to Bau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stag	e
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413) //Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) ·	

Application/Control Number: 10/642,283

Art Unit: 2841



## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 5, 7-9, 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Francis et al. (US 5,011,010).

Regard claim 1: Francis et al. discloses in figures 5-7, an appearance protective case for card-like computer peripheral equipment comprising: a sheet member (column 4, lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member) including a draw-processed sheet member (column 4, lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member) treated with coloring or marking; and a transparent or translucent cover case (10); wherein the sheet member (column 4, lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member) includes an upper portion (printed material located in element 50, see column 4, lines 10-23) and three side portions (portion at element 13, portion opposite element 13, portion of element 16): each of the upper portion (printed material located in element 50, see column 4, lines 10-23) and the three side portions (portion at element 13, portion opposite element 13, portion of sheet member (column 4, lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member) is connected to one another by rounded joint portions (16): and the sheet member (column 4, lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member) is fitted into the cover case (10) such that the sheet member (column 4,

Application/Control Number: 10/642,283

Art Unit: 2841

lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member) extends in close contact with an inner surface of the cover case (10). The appearance protective case can be used to store computer peripheral equipment.

Regard claim 5, 7: Francis et al. discloses the appearance protective case wherein the sheet member (explain in claim 1) comprises paper (see column 4, lines 10-23).

Regard claim 8: Francis et al. discloses in figures 5-7, an appearance protective case assembly for card-like computer peripheral equipment comprising: a frame (47, 49, 53) having a groove (49) formed along at least one side thereof; a sheet member (column 4, lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member) including a draw-processed sheet member (column 4, lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member) treated with coloring or marking, and a transparent or translucent cover case (10); wherein the sheet member (column 4, lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member) includes an upper portion (printed material located in element 50, see column 4, lines 10-23) and three side portions (portion at element 13, portion opposite element 13, portion of element 16): each of the upper portion (printed material located in element 50, see column 4. lines 10-23) and the three side portions (portion at element 13, portion opposite element 13, portion of element 16) of the sheet member is connected to one another by rounded joint portions (16): and at least one of the three side portions (portion at element 13, portion opposite element 13, portion of element 16) of the sheet member is inserted into the groove (49) of the frame and the transparent or translucent cover case (10) and the frame are firmly fixed to each other so as to sandwich and hold a portion of the sheet member (column 4, lines 10-23 describe the insertion of sheet member), including said at least one side. The appearance protective case can be used to store computer peripheral equipment.

Regard claim 9: Francis et al. disclose in figures 5-7, the appearance protective case wherein the sheet member (explain in claim 8) comprises at least one flange (24) at the front thereof such that the flange is sandwiched and held by the cover case (explain in claim 8) and the frame (47, 49, 53).

Regard claim 14: Francis et al. discloses in figures 5-7, the appearance protective case assembly wherein steps (49, 50) are formed in the groove (explain in claim 8) of the frame (explain in claim 8).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-4, 6, 10-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Francis et al. (US 5,011,010) in view of Nakayama (US 6,413,630) and Jones et al. (US 6,438,638).

Regard claim 2: Francis et al. discloses all the elements of the appearance protective case assembly as described above respect to claim 1 except, Francis et al. does not disclose the appearance protective case wherein the sheet member includes a decorative film comprising resin.

Nakayama discloses the decorative film comprising resin (see column 1, line 20 and further)

Francis et al. and Nakayama are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor to decorate cases.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make protective case of Francis et al. to include decorative film comprising resin as taught by Nakayama for the benefit of being able to decorate their products.

Regard claim 3 and 4: Francis et al. discloses all the elements of the appearance protective case assembly as described above respect to claim 1 except, Francis et al. does not disclose the decorative film comprises a transparent film having a rear/front surface treated with coloring or marking.

Nakayama discloses the decorative film comprises a transparent film (see abstract and further) having a rear/front surface treated with coloring or marking.

Francis et al. and Nakayama are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor to decorate cases.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make protective case of Francis et al. to comprises a transparent film having a rear/front surface treated with coloring or marking for the benefit of being able to decorate their products.

Regard claim 6: Francis et al. discloses all the elements of the appearance protective case assembly as described above respect to claim 1 except, Francis et al. does not disclose the sheet member (explain in claim 1) comprises a metal sheet.

Nakayama discloses the sheet member comprises a metal sheet (see abstract and further).

Francis et al. and Nakayama are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor decorate cases.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make protective case of Francis et al. to comprise a metal sheet as taught by Nakayama for the benefit of being able to decorate their products.

Regard claim 10: Francis et al. discloses all the elements of the appearance protective case assembly as described above respect to claim 8 except, Francis et al. does not disclose the a circuit board, wherein the circuit board is sandwiched and held by the appearance protective case and the frame such that the sheet member and the frame lie in contact with opposing surfaces of the circuit board.

Jones et al. discloses in figures 2A-3B the a circuit board (circuit included storage reside inside the SD, MMC, MEMORY STICK etc), wherein the circuit board (circuit included storage reside inside the SD, MMC, MEMORY STICK etc) is sandwiched and held by the appearance protective case and the frame such that the sheet member and the frame lie in contact with opposing surfaces of the circuit board (circuit included storage reside inside the SD, MMC, MEMORY STICK etc)

Francis et al. and Jones et al. are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor to decorate cases.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art combine Francis et al. with Jones et al. for the benefit of being able to decorate their products.

Regard claim 11: Francis et al. discloses all the elements of the appearance protective case assembly as described above respect to claim 8 except, Francis et al. does not disclose the appearance protective case assembly further comprising an upper metal cover see abstract and further can be disposed anywhere depending on market firmly fixed to the cover case and the frame and a lower metal cover firmly fixed to the frame such that at least a colored or marked pattern printed on the sheet member is exposed.

Nakayama discloses disclose the appearance protective case assembly further comprising an upper metal cover (see abstract and further can be disposed anywhere depending on market requirement) firmly fixed to the cover case (explain in claim 8) and the frame (explain in claim 8), and a lower metal cover (explain above) firmly fixed to the frame such that at least a colored or marked pattern printed on the sheet member (explain above) is exposed.

Francis et al. and Nakayama are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor to decorate cases.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art to combine Francis et al. with Nakayama for the benefit of being able to decorate their products.

Regard claim 12: Francis et al. discloses all the elements of the appearance protective case assembly as described above respect to claim 8 except, Francis et al. does not disclose a Compact Flash card comprising the appearance protective case assembly.

Jones et al. discloses a Compact Flash card comprising the appearance protective case assembly.

Francis et al. and Jones et al. are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor to decorate cases.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art to combine Francis et al. with Jones et al. for the benefit of being able to decorate their products.

Regard claim 13: Franicis et al. discloses all the elements of the appearance protective case assembly as described above respect to claim 1 except, Francis et al. does not disclose the appearance protective case wherein the decorative film is made of one of polystyrene, acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer, acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer, polyvinyl chloride, methacrylic resin, cellulosic resin, polycarbonate, polyethylene, polypropylene, polyvinylidene chloride, polyacetal, polyamide, and fluorocarbon resin. Nakayama discloses the appearance protective case wherein the decorative film is made of one of polystyrene, acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer, acrylonitrilestyrene copolymer, polyvinyl chloride, methacrylic resin, cellulosic resin, polycarbonate, polyethylene, polypropylene, polyvinylidene chloride, polyacetal, polyamide, and fluorocarbon resin.

Francis et al. and Nakayama are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor to decorate cases.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention make decorative film of Francis by have one of the chemical above as taught by Nakayam for the benefit of being able to decorate their products.

Application/Control Number: 10/642,283 Page 9

Art Unit: 2841

Response to Amendment

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are moot in

view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Relevant Art

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The Farag et al. (US 6,844,872) teaches the translucent device, Abott et al. (US 6,671,808) teaches the protective case for USB, Pua et al. (US 6,490,163)

teaches the translucent storage device, Chen (6,456,500) teaches the portable

memory device.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy

as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Application/Control Number: 10/642,283 Page 10

Art Unit: 2841

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HUNG T. NGUYEN whose telephone number is 571-272-5983. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM-5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, KAMMIE CUNEO can be reached on 571-272-1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

**HUNG THANH NGUYEN** 

HN

1/11/2006

KAMAND CUNEO
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800